

Arch324 STRUCTURES II

Winter 2024 Recitation

FACULTY: Prof. Peter von Bülow GSI: Mohsen Vatandoost

Arch324: STRUCTURES II

Welcome to Recitation session 03/29 Mohsen Vatandoost {Ph.D., M.Sc., M. Arch}

mohsenv@umich.edu

Office: Room 3104 hours: Fri: 11:30 – 14:30 Mon, Wed: 11:00 - 12:00 walk-ins welcome!



Please feel free to ask questions.



Mohsenv@umich.edu

Arch324: STRUCTURES II

Welcome to Recitation session 03/29

Outline:

- Quick **Recap** of the week
- Provide the solution for the assignment (Homework 9)
- Answering student's questions
- Lab: Conc. Beam Design
- Tower Project: Final report by April 12

Please feel free to ask questions.



Rectangular Beam Design <u>Two</u> approaches:

Method 1:

Data:

- Load and Span
- Material properties f'_c, f_y
- All section dimensions: h and b

Required:

Steel area – A_s

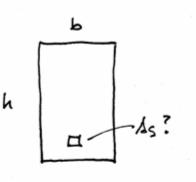
Method 2:

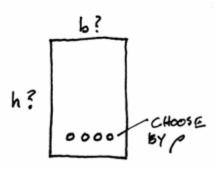
Data:

- Load and Span
- Some section dimensions h or b
- Material properties f'_c, f_y
- Choose ρ

Required:

- Steel area A_s
- Beam dimensions b and h

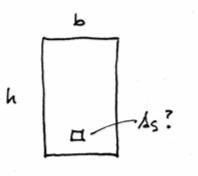




Rectangular Beam Design - Method 1

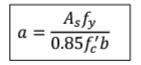
Data:

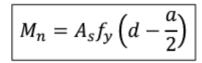
- Load and Span
- Material properties f[']_c, f[']_y
 All section dimensions b and h
- All section dimensions b and h Required:
 - Steel area A_s
 - 1. Calculate the factored load and find factored required moment, M_u
 - 2. Find d = h cover stirrup $d_b/2$
 - 3. Estimate moment arm z = jd, for beams $j \approx 0.9$ for slabs $j \approx 0.95$
 - 4. Estimate A_s based on estimate of jd.
 - 5. Use As to find a
 - 6. Use a to find A_s (repeat...until **2%** accuracy)
 - 7. Choose bars for A_s and check A_s max & min
 - 8. Check that $\varepsilon_t \ge 0.005$
 - 9. Check $M_u \le \phi M_n$ (final condition)
 - 10. Design shear reinforcement (stirrups)
 - 11. Check deflection, crack control, rebar development length



$$M_u = \frac{(\gamma_{DL} w_{DL} + \gamma_{LL} w_{LL})l^2}{8}$$

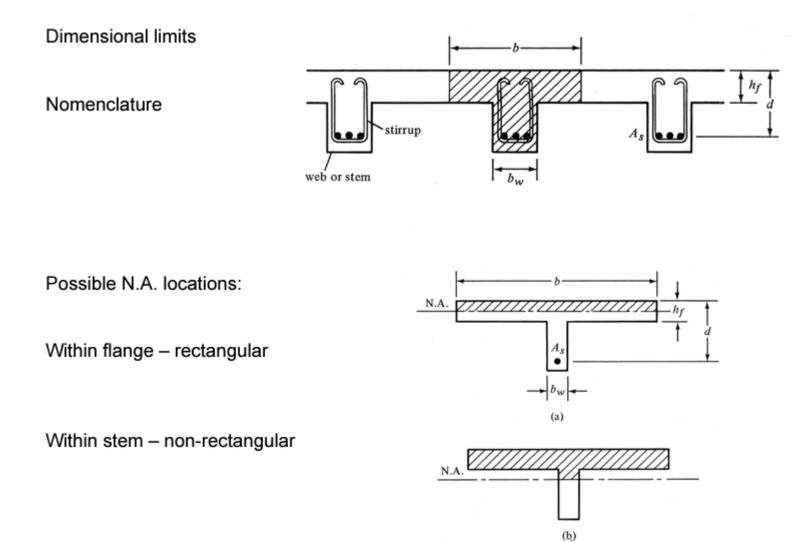
4 -	Mu
$A_S =$	$\overline{\varphi f_y\left(d-\frac{a}{2}\right)}$







T Beams





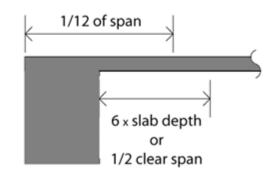
T Beams - Effective Flange Width, b_e

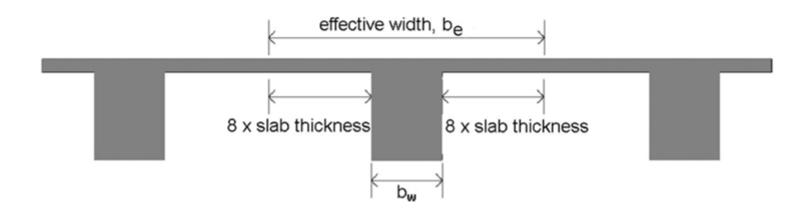
Slab on one side:

- b_e least of either (total width) or (overhang + stem)
- Total width: 1/12 of the beam span
- Overhang: 6 x slab thickness
- Overhang: 1/2 the clear distance to next beam

Slab on both sides:

- b_e least of either (total width) or (2 x overhang + stem)
- Total width: ¼ of the beam span
- Overhang: 8 x slab thickness
- Overhang: ½ the clear distance to next beam (i.e. the web on center spacing)



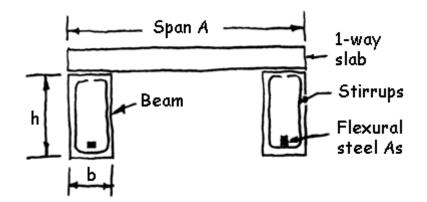




9. Concrete Beam Design

Using the Ultimate Strength Method, analyze the given section to determine its safe moment capacity, Mu, based on the given parameters. Check that the section is tension controlled (epsilon_t > 0.005), and that the amount of steel, As is more than the minimum, As_min.

DATASET: 1 -23-	
Span of slab	14 FT
Span of beam	27 FT
Thickness of slab	9 IN
section width, b	17 IN
section height, h	27 IN
max. aggrigate size	0.75 IN
bar size number	10
stirrup bar size number	4
concrete cover	1.5 IN
concrete ultimate strength, f'c	3500 PSI
steel yield strength, fy	60000 PSI
Floor Live Load	80 PSF





Response PLF

PLF

PLF

PLF FT-K

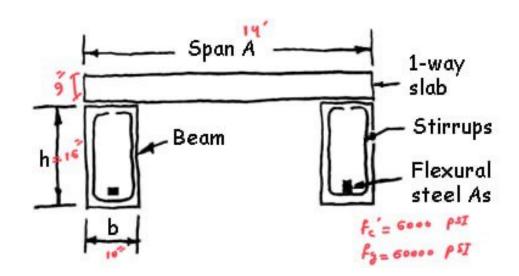
IN2

IN2

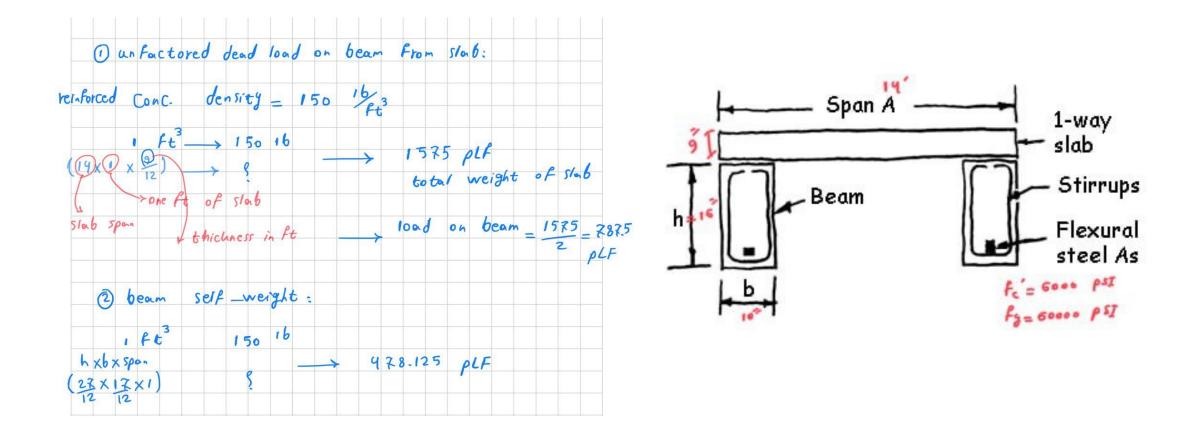
IN2

K-IN K-FT

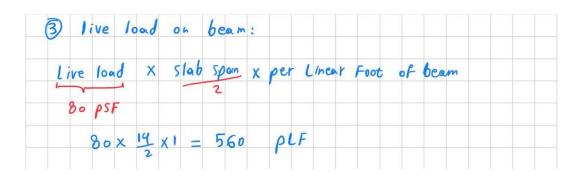
Question	Your
Unfactored dead load on beam from slab	
Unfactored dead load on beam from the beam (beam selfweight)	
Unfactored live load on beam, LL	
Total factored beam load, wu	
Factored design moment from the loads, Mu	
Distance from top beam edge to centroid of flexural steel, d	
The final calculated area of steel required, As, req	
Number of rebars used	
Actual, final area of flexural steel used, As, used	
Mimimum required area of steel, As,min (the greater of the 2 criteria)	
Depth of concrete stress block, a	
The factor beta_1	
Distance to Neutral Axis from top of beam, c	
Strain in flexural steel, epsilon_t	
Strength reduction factor, phi	
Tensile force in the flexural steel, T	
Nominal bending moment, Mn	
Factored bending resistance, phi Mn	
	Unfactored dead load on beam from slab Unfactored dead load on beam from the beam (beam selfweight) Unfactored live load on beam, LL Total factored beam load, wu Factored design moment from the loads, Mu Distance from top beam edge to centroid of flexural steel, d The final calculated area of steel required, As,req Number of rebars used Actual, final area of flexural steel used, As,used Mimimum required area of steel, As,min (the greater of the 2 criteria) Depth of concrete stress block, a The factor beta_1 Distance to Neutral Axis from top of beam, c Strain in flexural steel, epsilon_t Strength reduction factor, phi Tensile force in the flexural steel, T Nominal bending moment, Mn

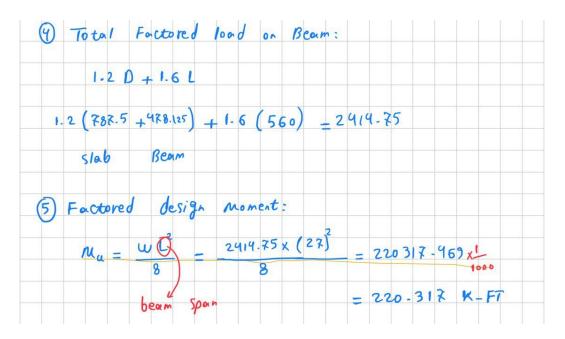














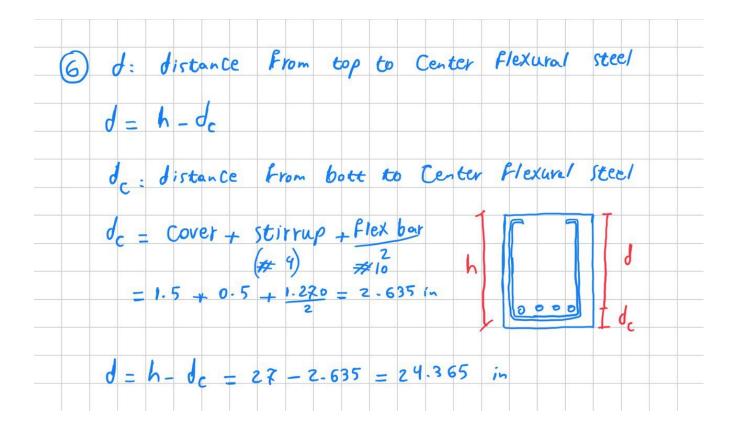
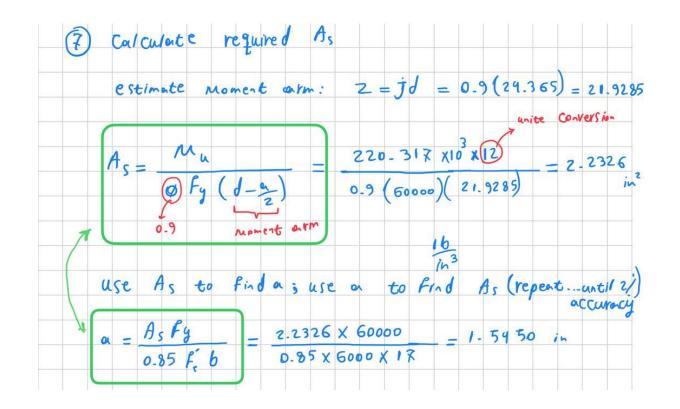
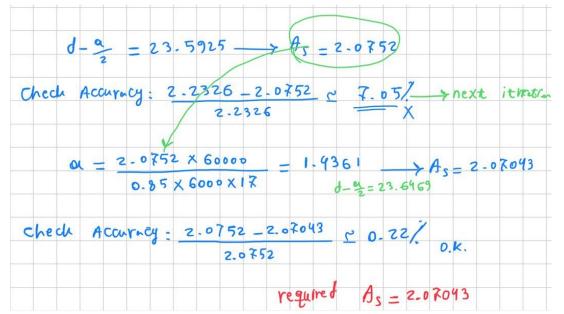


Table A.2 Designations, Areas, Perimeters, and Weights of Standard Bars

Customary Units				SI Units		
Bar No.	Diameter (in.)	Cross- sectional Area (in. ²)	Unit Weight (lb/ft)	Diameter (mm)	Cross- sectional Area (mm ²)	Unit Weight (kg/m)
3	0.375	0.11	0.376	9.52	71	0.560
4	0.500	0.20	0.668	12.70	129	0.994
5	0.625	0.31	1.043	15.88	200	1.552
6	0.750	0.44	1.502	19.05	284	2.235
7	0.875	0.60	2.044	22.22	387	3.042
8	1.000	0.79	2.670	25.40	510	3.973
9	1.128	1.00	3.400	28.65	645	5.060
10	1.270	1.27	4.303	32.26	819	6.404
11	1.410	1.56	5.313	35.81	1006	7.907
14	1.693	2.25	7.650	43.00	1452	11.384
18	2.257	4.00	13.600	57.33	2581	20.238









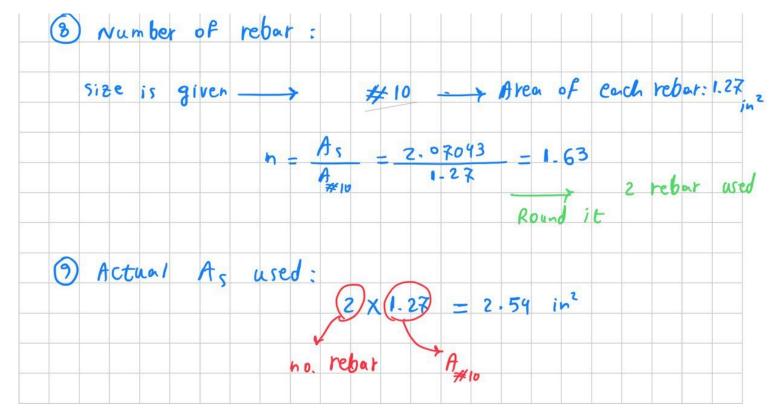
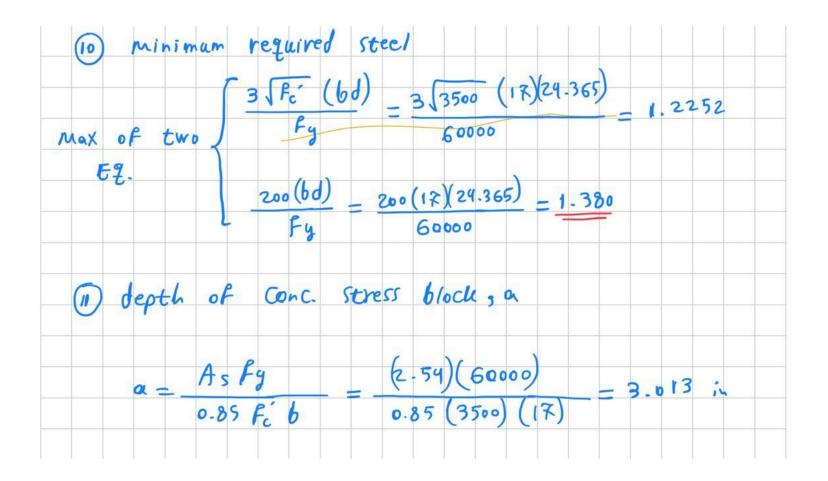


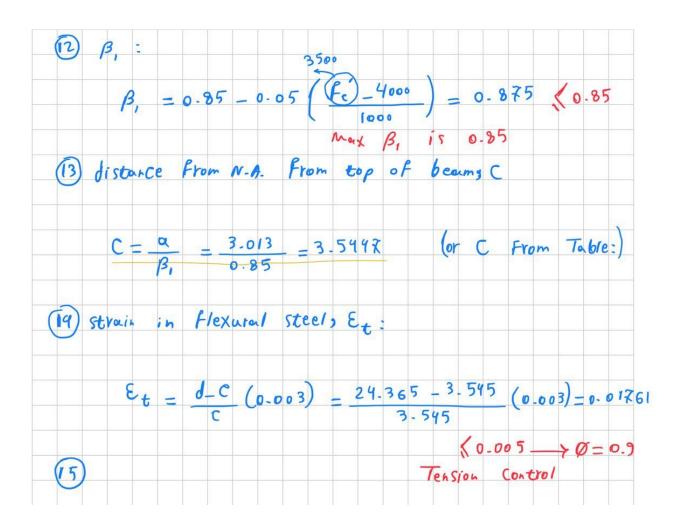
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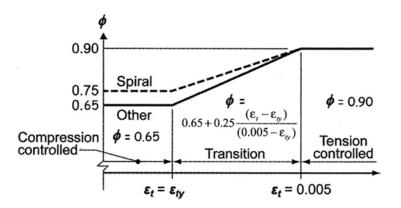
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14	1.693	2.25	7.650	43.00	1452	11.38
18	2.257	4.00	13.600	57.33	2581	20.23



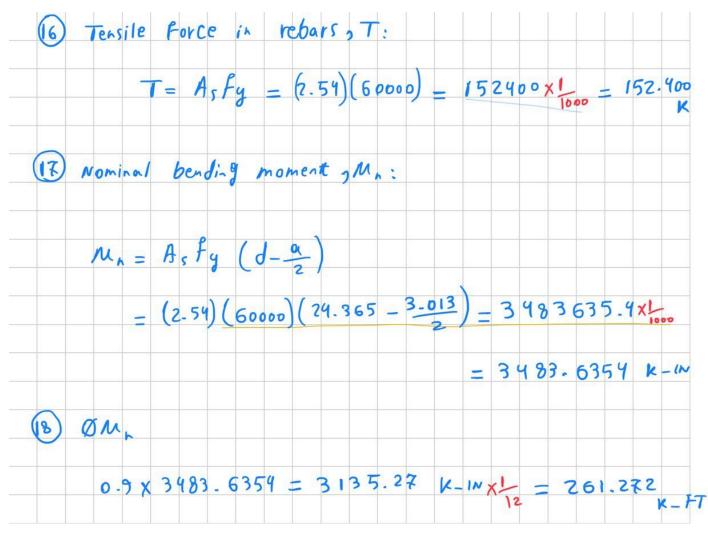






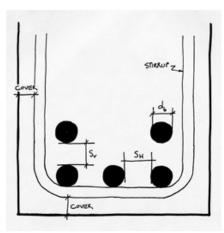








Lab : Reinforcement Placement



Horizontal Spacing in Beams ACI 25.2.1 1 inch db 4/3 max aggregate

Description

This project produces a graphic representation of the reinforcing layout of a concrete beam.

Goals

To determine bar diameters and horizontal spacing

To find the placement and dimensions of a shear stirrup.

To establish proper cover for reinforcement.

To draw all beam elements in the proper scale and location.



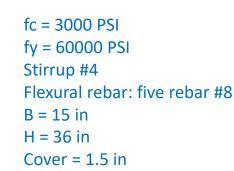
Lab : Reinforcement Placement

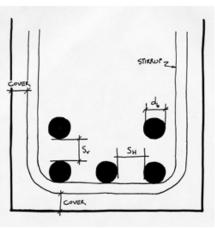
Procedure

- 1. For the example beam worked in class, determine the required spacing, s_v and s_h , for the bar size used.
- 2. For the given stirrup size determine the bend radius for a 90° bend.
- 3. Make a sketch showing the proper locations of bars and the stirrup including cover.
- Draw and dimension the depth of the stress block, "a" and the distance to the N.A. from the top of the beam, "c".
- 5. Dimension and label "d" and "dc".
 - for stirrups, ties, and hoops Type of stan-Minimum inside Straight extension[1] dard hook Bar size bend diameter, in. lern in. Type of standard hook No. 3 Greater of 6d, and through $4d_h$ 90-degree 3 in. 90-degree No. 5 hook No. 6 through $6d_b$ $12d_b$ No. 8 No. 3 through $4d_b$ No. 5 135-degree Greater of 6dh and hook No. 6 3 in. through 6d No. 8 No. 3 $4d_h$ through Greater of 180-degree No. 5 $4d_b$ and hook No. 6 2.5 in. through 6ds No. 8

Table 25.3.2—Minimum inside bend diameters and standard hook geometry

^[1]A standard hook for stirrups, ties, and hoops includes the specific inside bend diameter and straight extension length. It shall be permitted to use a longer straight extension at the end of a hook. A longer extension shall not be considered to increase the anchorage capacity of the hook.





Horizontal Spacing in Beams ACI 25.2.1 1 inch db 4/3 max aggregate

ACI 318 Chapter 25.2 Placement of Reinforcement

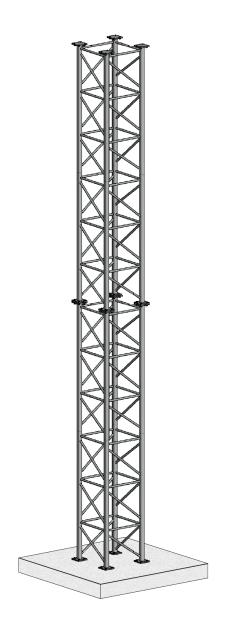
- Cover (ACI 20.6.1)
- Horizontal spacing in beams, s_h (ACI 25.2.1)

 inch
 d_b
 4/3 d_{agg,max}
- Vertical spacing in beams (ACI 25.2.2) Min 1 inch



Tower Project:

Tower Project final report: April, 12





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Thank you.

Any question?

Please feel free to ask questions.



Contact: